

841AR

(AEROSOL)

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1: Identification

Product Identifier and Other Means of Identification

Product Name: 841AR**Other Means of Identification:** Super Shield™ Nickel Conductive Coating (Aerosol)**Related Part #** 841AR-340G

Recommended Use and Restriction on Use

Use: Electrically conductive coating and EMI/RFI shield**Uses Advised Against:** Not available

Details of Manufacturer or Importer

ManufacturerMG Chemicals
1210 Corporate Drive
Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R6
CANADAMG Chemicals (Head Office)
9347-193 Street
Surrey, British Columbia V4N 4E7
CANADA**☎** +1-800-340-0772**FAX** +1-800-340-0773**E-MAIL** support@mgchemicals.com**WEB** www.mgchemicals.com**☎** +1-905-331-1396**FAX** +1-905-331-2682**E-MAIL** info@mgchemicals.com**E-MAIL** (Competent Person): sds@mgchemicals.com

Emergency Phone Number




For hazardous material incidents ONLY (leaks, spills, fires, exposures or accidents)
USA or CANADA—Call Verisk 3E at **+1-866-519-4752** or **+1-760-476-3962**
(Service access code: 335388)**For emergencies involving the transport of dangerous goods;** 24/7 service
CANADA—Call CANUTEC collect at **+1-613-996-6666** or ***666** on cellular phones

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification
Classification of Hazardous Chemical
GHS Categories

Criteria		Category	Signal Word	Pictograms
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Repeated Exposure	1	Danger	Health
Carcinogenicity		2	Warning	Health
Flammable Aerosol		2	Warning	Flame
Gas Under Pressure		Liquefied gas	Warning	Gas cylinder
Sensitization	Skin	1	Warning	Exclamation
Eye Irritation		2	Warning	Exclamation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Single Exposure	3	Warning	Exclamation
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environmental	Chronic	3	<i>none</i>	<i>none</i>


Note: The degree of severity is ranked within each hazard class from 1 (Highest Severity) to up to 5 (Lowest Severity), which is opposite to HMIS and NFPA conventions. Severity category rankings do not allow comparisons between classes.

Label Elements

Signal Word	DANGER
Pictograms	Hazard Statements
	H372: Causes damages to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation H351: Suspected of causing cancer
	H223: Flammable aerosol
	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Section continued on the next page

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Continued...

Pictograms	Hazard Statements
	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction H319: Causes serious eye irritation H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
<i>No pictogram required</i>	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Prevention	Precautionary Statements
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, flames, and other ignition sources. No Smoking.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe mist, vapors, and spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Response	Precautionary Statements
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P314	Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Section continued on the next page

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Continued...

Response	Precautionary Statements
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	Precautionary Statements
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C [122 °F].
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	Precautionary Statements
P501	Dispose of container in accordance to local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Other Criteria	Hazard Statements/Precautionary Statement	Signal Word	Pictograms
Defats skin	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	None	None
Simple Asphyxiant	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.	Warning	None

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Chemical Name	%(weight)
7440-02-0	nickel	31%
67-64-1	acetone	18%
74-98-6	propane	13%
616-38-6	dimethyl carbonate	11%
75-28-5	isobutane	7%
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	6%
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	6%
108-65-6	1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	1%

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

<i>Exposure Condition</i>	<i>GHS Code/Symptoms/Precautionary Statements</i>
IF ON SKIN	P302 + P352, P333 + P313, P362 + P364
Immediate Symptoms	<i>redness, irritation, dry skin, allergic reaction</i>
Response	Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
IF INHALED	P304 + P340, P312, P308 + P313
Immediate Symptoms	<i>cough, sore throat, drowsiness, dizziness, headaches, nausea, unconsciousness</i>
Response	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Section continued on the next page

841AR**(AEROSOL)***Continued...*

IF IN EYES	P305 + P351 + P338, P337 + P313
Immediate Symptoms	<i>redness, severe irritation, blurred vision, pain</i>
Response	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
IF SWALLOWED	P301 + P330 + P331, P308 + P313
Immediate Symptoms	<i>nausea, sore throat, abdominal pain, diarrhea, drowsiness, dizziness, vomiting</i>
Response	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish. Use water spray to cool containers.
Specific Hazards	Aerosols containers may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low-lying areas. Vapors may travel long distances and ignite at an ignition source, which can cause a flashback or an explosion.
Combustion Products	Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) and metal oxide fumes.
Fire-Fighter	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.

841AR**(AEROSOL)****Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Personal Protection	See personal protection recommendations in Section 8.
Precautions for Response	Do not breathe the mist, spray, and vapors. Remove or keep away all sources of extreme heat or open flames.
Environmental Precautions	Avoid releasing to the environment. Prevent spill from entering drains and waterways.
Containment Methods	Not applicable
Cleaning Methods	Collect liquid in a sealable, solvent-resistant container. Sprinkle inert absorbent compound onto spill, then sweep into the container. Wash spill area with soap and water to remove the last traces of residue.
Disposal Methods	Dispose of spill waste according to Section 13.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Prevention	Keep out of reach of children. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe mist, vapors, and spray. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Handling	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C [122 °F]. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
Substances with Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Chemical Name	Country/ Provinces	Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)
nickel	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	1.5 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³ 1.5 mg/m ³ 0.05 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³	Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established
acetone	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	500 ppm 1 000 ppm 500 ppm 250 ppm 500 ppm 750 ppm	750 ppm Not established 750 ppm 500 ppm 750 ppm 1 000 ppm
propane	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	See footnote ^{a)} 1 000 ppm 1 000 ppm 1 000 ppm 1 000 ppm 1 000 ppm	Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established
isobutane <i>alkane (C2-C4)</i> <i>aliphatic hydrocarbon gas</i>	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	See footnote ^{a)} Not established 1 000 ppm 1 000 ppm 800 ppm Not established	Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	150 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	Not established Not established 200 ppm 200 ppm Not established 200 ppm
heptan-2-one <i>methyl amyl ketone</i>	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	50 ppm 100 ppm 50 ppm 50 ppm 25 ppm 50 ppm	Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established

Section continued on the next page

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Continued...

Chemical Name	Country/ Provinces	Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	Not established 50 ppm Not established 50 ppm 50 ppm Not established	Not established Not established Not established 75 ppm Not established Not established

Note: Ingredients are listed in descending weight contribution order (from greatest to least). The ACGIH¹, OSHA (Table Z-1), and Canadian provinces exposure limits were consulted. Limits from RTECS² database and data from suppliers' SDS were also consulted. Short term exposure limits (STEL) are for 15 min and long term permissible exposure limits (PEL) for 8 h.

a) Refer to the ACGIH Appendix F: Minimum Oxygen Content for Asphyxia TLV Basis

Engineering Controls

Ventilation Keep airborne concentrations below the occupational exposure limits (OEL).

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles.

RECOMMENDATION: Ensure that glasses have side shields for lateral protection.

Skin Protection For likely contacts, use of protective butyl rubber or other chemically resistant gloves.

Respiratory Protection For over-exposures up to 10 x OEL of mist/vapors/spray, wear respirator such as a half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridges.

Above 10 x OEL, use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

RECOMMENDATION: Consult your local safety supply store to ensure that your respirator has a NIOSH (U.S.) approved filter cartridges appropriate for the ingredients listed in Section 3. The respirator should be fitted to the employee by a professional. Ensure vapor cartridges are stored in sealed plastic bags when not being used.

Section continued on the next page

841AR
(AEROSOL)
General Hygiene Considerations

Wash hands thoroughly with water and soap after handling.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid, in an aerosol format	Lower Flammability Limit ^{c)}	2%
Appearance	Dark grey	Upper Flammability Limit ^{c)}	13%
Odor	Acetone-like	Vapor Pressure @21 °C	10 kPa [78 mmHg]
Odor Threshold ^{a)}	5 ppm	Vapor Density	≥2 (Air =1)
pH	Not available	Relative Density @25 °C	1.3
Freezing/Melting Point	Not available	Solubility in Water	Partially miscible
Initial Boiling Point ^{a)}	≥56 °C [≥132 °F]	Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water	Not available
Flash Point ^{a)}	-17 °C [1.4 °F]	Auto-ignition Temperature ^{b)}	≥315 °C [≥599 °F]
Evaporation Rate	Fast	Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Flammability	Flammable	Viscosity @25 °C	61 cP

a) The values for the boiling point and closed cup flash point are based on the acetone component.

b) The auto-ignition value is based on 1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate, which is the component with the lowest value.

c) Lower and Upper Explosive Limits of mixture calculated using Le Chatelier principle and liquid component LFL and UFL limits

841AR**(AEROSOL)****Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

Reactivity	The nickel can react vigorously with acids and liberate hydrogen, which can form an explosive mixture in air. Nickel may react with carbon monoxide in a reducing atmosphere to form a very toxic nickel carbonyl gas.
Chemical Stability	Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures
Conditions to Avoid	Temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F], open flames, and incompatible substances.
Incompatibilities	Oxidizing agents, strong acids, peroxides, alkali or alkali earth metals
Polymerization	Will not occur
Decomposition	Will not decompose under normal conditions. For thermal decomposition, see combustion products in Section 5.

Section 11: Toxicological Information**Summary of Effects and Symptoms by Routes of Exposure**

Skin	May cause skin redness, irritation, dry skin, and allergic reaction.
Inhalation	May cause cough, sore throat, drowsiness, dizziness, headaches, nausea, or unconsciousness.
Eyes	May cause redness, severe irritation, blurred vision, and pain.
Ingestion	May cause nausea, sore throat, abdominal pain, diarrhea, and vomiting (also see inhalation symptoms).
Chronic	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin dryness, cracking, as well as defatting the skin. Chronic inhalation exposure to nickel dust or mist may affect the central nervous system, damage lungs, and lead to hearing loss with co-exposure to loud noises.

Section continued on the next page

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Acute Toxicity (Lethal Exposure Concentrations)

Chemical Name	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	LC50 inhalation
nickel	5 000 mg/kg Rat	Not available	Not available
acetone	5 800 mg/kg Rat	20 mL/kg Rabbit ^{a)}	16 000 ppm 4 h Rat ^{a)}
propane	Not applicable	Not applicable	>800 000 ppm 4 h Rat
dimethyl carbonate	>6.4 g/kg Rat & Mouse	>5 000 mg/kg Rabbit	Not available
isobutane	Not applicable	Not applicable	>570 000 ppm 4 h Rat
n-butyl acetate	>10 768 mg/kg Rat	>17 600 mg/kg Rabbit	390 ppm 4 h Rat
heptan-2-one	1 670 mg/kg Rat	12 600 µL/kg Rabbit	>16.7 mg/kg 4 h Rat
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	8 532 mg/kg Rat	>5 g/kg Rabbit	Not available

Note: Toxicity data from the RTECS² and ECHA databases were consulted. The data from supplier SDS were also consulted.

a) Supplier safety data sheet

Other Toxicological Effects
Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Acetone is a known serious eye irritant. Contains mechanically abrasive particles.

Sensitization
 (allergic reactions)

Exposure to nickel may cause allergic skin reaction.

Section continued on the next page

841AR**(AEROSOL)****Carcinogenicity**

(risk of cancer)

Nickel is classified as a suspect carcinogen based on animal intratracheal instillation (intubation) or interperitoneal (in body cavity) injection studies. A reliable 2008 study by Oller et al. shows no carcinogenicity for the nickel metal via normal inhalation route.

Nickel [7440-02-0]

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

ACGIH A5: Not suspected as a human carcinogen

CA Prop 65: Listed as a carcinogen

NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen

Mutagenicity

(risk of heritable genetic effects)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive Toxicity

(risk to sex functions)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

(risk of fetus malformation)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Inhalation of acetone, n-butyl acetate, heptan-2-one may affect the central nervous system.

STOT-repeated exposure

Nickel particles can damage the respiratory tract leading to inflammation, lung fibrosis, and accumulation of nickel particles in a rat study.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. There is less than 10% category 1 components.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecological classifications are based on the IMDG/GHS criteria in conjunction with ecotoxicological data from our suppliers, the European Chemical Agency database (<http://echa.europa.eu>), and other reliable sources.

Contains nickel of less than a 1 mm but more than 100 nm (larger than nanoparticles), which release ionic nickel levels that are harmful to the environment. While massive nickel is insoluble in water, its powder is considered sufficiently soluble to give rise to an ecological hazard by EU regulators. The classification that follows takes into account to chronic aqueous toxicity of category 3 assignment of the EU.

Section continued on the next page

841AR**(AEROSOL)**

The n-butyl acetate ingredient is an acute category 3 environmental toxicant (biodegradable, with minimal LC50 of 18 mg/L for fathead minnow).

Acetone, heptan-2-one, 1-methoxy-2-propanol are not classifiable as an environmental toxicant (with minimal LC50 of >100 mg/L).

- Acetone has a minimal LC50 96 h of 5 540 mg/L for *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout) and an EC50 48 h of 13 500 mg/L for *Daphnia magna* (water flea).
- Heptan-2-one has a minimal LC50 96 h of 126 mg/L for *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow).
- The 1-methoxy-2-propanol component has a minimal LC50 96 h of ≥ 100 mg/L *Salmo gairdneri* and an EC50 48 h of >500 mg/L for *Daphnia magna* (water flea).

There is insufficient data to classify dimethyl carbonate for aqueous toxicity.

Acute Ecotoxicity

Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life

Chronic Ecotoxicity

Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Avoid release to the environment.

Biodegradability

Solvent part expected to be biodegradable, but not the polymer or metal filler. The volatile solvent constituents will oxidize rapidly in air by photochemical reaction.

Other Effects

Actual VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds) content according to the US (EPA) and Canadian (CEPA) authorities.

Actual VOC = 34% [456 g/L]

841AR

(AEROSOL)

Section 13: Disposal Information

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

Ground

Refer to TDG regulations (Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods regulations);
USA CFR 49 Regulations (Parts 100 to 185).

Limited Quantity



Air

Refer to ICAO-IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.

Limited Quantity



FOR REFERENCE ONLY

UN number: UN1950

Shipping Name: AEROSOL, flammable

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: Not applicable

Marine Pollutant: No

Sea

Refer to IMDG regulations.

Limited Quantity



FOR REFERENCE ONLY

UN number: UN1950

Shipping Name: AEROSOL, flammable

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: Not applicable

Marine Pollutant: No

Note: Shipper must be appropriately trained and certified before involvement with the transport of dangerous goods.

841AR
(AEROSOL)
Section 15: Regulatory Information
Canada
Domestic Substance List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substance Lists (NDSL)

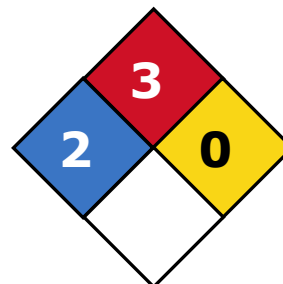
All hazardous ingredients are listed on the DSL.

Hazardous Products Act (R.S.C., 1985, c. H-3)

The safety data sheet and label comply with the Hazardous Product Act and WHMIS 2015.

USA
Other Classifications
HMIS® RATING

HEALTH:	* 2
FLAMMABILITY:	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD:	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:	

NFPA® 704 CODES


Approximate HMIS and NFPA Risk Ratings Legend:

0 (Low or none); 1 (Slight); 2 (Moderate); 3 (Serious); 4 (Severe)

CAA (Clean Air Act, USA)

This product does not contain any class 1 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain any class 2 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain products that are listed as hazardous air pollutants.

EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Right to Know Act, USA, 40 CFR 372.45)

This product contains nickel (CAS# 7440-02-0, reportable quantity = 100 lb) which is subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 Title III of the SARA of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

This product contains acetone (CAS# 67-64-1), which is subject to the CERCLA reporting requirements at the 5 000 lb (2 268 kg) threshold.

Section continued on the next page

841AR**(AEROSOL)****TSCA** (Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, USA)

All substances are TSCA listed.

California Proposition 65 (Chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, USA).

This product contains nickel, which is listed as a carcinogen.

Europe**RoHS** (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive)

This product does not contain any lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB's, PBDE's, DEHP, BBP, DBP, or DIBP and complies with European RoHS regulations.

WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)

This product is not a piece of electrical or electronics equipment, and is therefore not governed by this regulation.

Section 16: Other Information

SDS Prepared by MG Chemical's Regulatory Department

Date of Review 04 December 2020

Supersedes 26 February 2020

Reason for Changes: Minor formatting changes.

Reference

1) ACGIH 2017 TLVs and BEIs: Based on the documentation of the threshold limit values for chemical substances and physical agents & biological exposure indices, American Conference of Governmental of Industrial Hygienist Cincinnati, OH (2017).

2) All toxicological data were checked against the RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®)

Section continued on the next page

841AR**(AEROSOL)****Abbreviations**

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
EU	European Union
EC50	Half maximal effective concentration
EL50	Half maximal effective loading
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NOELR	No observable effect loading ratio
NTP	National Toxicology Program
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Labeling of Chemicals
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%
LCLo	Lowest published lethal concentration
LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
TCLo	Lowest published toxic concentration
TWA	Time Weighted Average
VOC	Volatile Organic Content

Technical Queries Contact us regarding any questions, improvement suggestions, or problems with this product. Application notes, instructions, and FAQs are located at www.mgchemicals.com.

Email: support@mgchemicals.com

Mailing Addresses *Manufacturing & Support*
1210 Corporate Drive
Burlington, Ontario, Canada
L7L 5R6

Head Office
9347-193rd Street
Surrey, British Columbia, Canada
V4N 4E7

Disclaimer

This safety data sheet is provided as an information resource only. *M.G. Chemicals, Ltd.* believes the information contained herein is accurate and compiled from reliable sources. It is the responsibility of the user to query and verify any information seeming suspect where doubt on the validity may exist. The buyer assumes all responsibility of using and handling the product in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.