

LM340/LM78XX Series 3-Terminal Positive Regulators General Description

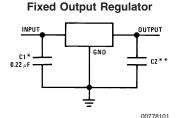
The LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM78XXC monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.0A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is located far from the filter capacitor of the power supply. The 5V, 12V, and 15V regulator options are available in the steel TO-3 power package. The LM340A/LM340/LM78XXC series is available in the TO-220 plastic power package, and the LM340-5.0 is available in the SOT-223 package, as well as the LM340-5.0 and LM340-12 in the surface-mount TO-263 package.

Features

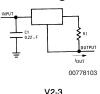
- Complete specifications at 1A load
- Output voltage tolerances of ±2% at T_j = 25°C and ±4% over the temperature range (LM340A)
- Line regulation of 0.01% of V_{OUT}/V of ∆V_{IN} at 1A load (LM340A)
- Load regulation of 0.3% of V_{OUT}/A (LM340A)
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit current limit
- Output transistor safe area protection
- P⁺ Product Enhancement tested

Typical Applications



*Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter. **Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1 µF, ceramic disc).

Current Regulator



$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V2-3}{R1} + I_Q$$

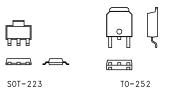
 ΔI_Q = 1.3 mA over line and load changes.

Adjustable Output Regulator



 $V_{OUT} = 5V + (5V/R1 + I_Q) R2 5V/R1 > 3 I_Q,$ load regulation (L_t) ~ [(R1 + R2)/R1] (L_t of LM340-5).

Comparison between SOT-223 and D-Pak (TO-252) Packages



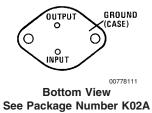
Scale 1:1

00778138

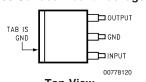
| Package | Temperature Range | Part Number | Packaging Marking | Transport Media | NSC Drawing |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| 3-Lead TO-3 | -55°C to +125°C | LM140K-5.0 | LM140K 5.0P+ | 50 Per Tray | K02A |
| | | LM140K-12 | LM140K 12P+ | 50 Per Tray | |
| | | LM140K-15 | LM140K 15P+ | 50 Per Tray | |
| | 0°C to +125°C | LM340K-5.0 | LM340K 5.0 7805P+ | 50 Per Tray | |
| | | LM340K-12 | LM340K 12 7812P+ | 50 Per Tray | |
| | | LM340K-15 | LM340K 15 7815P+ | 50 Per Tray | |
| 3-lead TO-220 | 0°C to +125°C | LM340AT-5.0 | LM340AT 5.0 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | T03B |
| | | LM340T-5.0 | LM340T5 7805 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | |
| | | LM340T-12 | LM340T12 7812 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | |
| | | LM340T-15 | LM340T15 7815 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | 1 |
| | | LM7808CT | LM7808CT | 45 Units/Rail | |
| 3-Lead TO-263 | 0°C to +125°C | LM340S-5.0 | LM340S-5.0 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | TS3B |
| | | LM340SX-5.0 | LIVI3405-5.0 P+ | 500 Units Tape and Reel | |
| | | LM340S-12 | LM340S-12 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | |
| | | LM340SX-12 | LIVI3403-12 P+ | 500 Units Tape and Reel | |
| | | LM340AS-5.0 | LM340AS-5.0 P+ | 45 Units/Rail | |
| | | LM340ASX-5.0 | LIVI340AS-5.0 P+ | 500 Units Tape and Reel | |
| 4-Lead | 0°C to +125°C | LM340MP-5.0 | N00A | 1k Units Tape and Reel | MP04A |
| SOT-223 | | LM340MPX-5.0 | NUUA | 2k Units Tape and Reel | |
| Unpackaged | –55°C to 125°C | LM140KG-5 MD8 | | Waffle Pack or Gel Pack | DL069089 |
| Die | | LM140KG-12 MD8 | | Waffle Pack or Gel Pack | DL059093 |
| | | LM140KG-15 MD8 | | Waffle Pack or Gel Pack | DL059093 |
| | 0°C to +125°C | LM340-5.0 MDA | | Waffle Pack or Gel Pack | DI074056 |
| | | LM7808C MDC | | Waffle Pack or Gel Pack | DI074056 |

Connection Diagrams



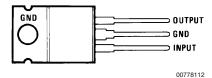




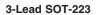


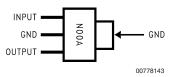
Top View See Package Number TS3B

TO-220 Power Package (T)



Top View See Package Number T03B





Top View See Package Number MP04A

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

| DC Input Voltage | 35V |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Internal Power Dissipation (Note 2) | Internally Limited |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | 150°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | –65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) | |
| TO-3 Package (K) | 300°C |

LM340A Electrical Characteristics

 $I_{OUT} = 1A$, 0°C $\leq T_{J} \leq + 125$ °C (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)

TO-220 Package (T), TO-263 230°C Package (S) ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)

Operating Conditions (Note 1)

| Temperature Range (T _A) (Note 2) | |
|--|-----------------|
| LM140 | –55°C to +125°C |
| LM340A, LM340 | 0°C to +125°C |
| LM7808C | 0°C to +125°C |
| | |

| | | Output Vol | age | | 5V | | | 12V | | | 15V | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Symbol | Input Volta | age (unless o | therwise noted) | | 10V | | | 19V | | | 23V | | Units |
| | Parameter | | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Мах | |
| Vo | Output Voltage | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 4.9 | 5 | 5.1 | 11.75 | 12 | 12.25 | 14.7 | 15 | 15.3 | V |
| | | $P_{D} \leq 15W, 5$ | $mA \le I_O \le 1A$ | 4.8 | | 5.2 | 11.5 | | 12.5 | 14.4 | | 15.6 | V |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$ | S V _{MAX} | (7.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 20) | (14.8 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 27) | (17.9 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V |
| ΔV_{O} | Line Regulation | l _o = 500 mA | | | | 10 | | | 18 | | | 22 | mV |
| | | ΔV_{IN} | | (7.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 20) | (14.8 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 27) | (17.9 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V |
| | | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | 3 | 10 | | 4 | 18 | | 4 | 22 | mV |
| | | ΔV_{IN} | | (7.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 20) | (14.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 27) | (17.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V |
| | | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | | 4 | | | 9 | | | 10 | mV |
| | | Over Tempe | rature | | | 12 | | | 30 | | | 30 | mV |
| | | ΔV_{IN} | | (8 ≤ | ΣV _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 12) | (16 ≤ | V _{IN} s | ≤ 22) | (20 ≤ | V _{IN} : | ≤ 26) | V |
| ΔV_{O} | Load Regulation | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | $5 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1.5 \text{A}$ | | 10 | 25 | | 12 | 32 | | 12 | 35 | mV |
| | | | $\begin{array}{l} 250 \text{ mA} \leq \text{I}_{\text{O}} \leq 750 \\ \text{mA} \end{array}$ | | | 15 | | | 19 | | | 21 | mV |
| | | Over Tempe | rature, | | | 25 | | | 60 | | | 75 | mV |
| | | $5 \text{ mA} \le \text{I}_{O} \le$ | 1A | | | | | | | | | | |
| l _Q | Quiescent Current | T _J = 25°C | | | | 6 | | | 6 | | | 6 | mA |
| | | Over Tempe | rature | | | 6.5 | | | 6.5 | | | 6.5 | mA |
| ΔI_Q | Quiescent Current | 5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ | 1A | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | mA |
| | Change | $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{c}$ | _D = 1A | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | mA |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$ | | (7.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 20) | (14.8 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 27) | (17.9 | ≤ V _{IN} | ≤ 30) | V |
| | | l _O = 500 mA | | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | mA |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$ | | (8 ≤ | ≦ V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 25) | (15 ≤ | V _{IN} s | ≤ 30) | (17.9 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V |
| V _N | Output Noise Voltage | | 0 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz | | 40 | | | 75 | | | 90 | | μV |
| ΔV_{IN} | Ripple Rejection | - | = 120 Hz, I _O = 1A | 68 | 80 | | 61 | 72 | | 60 | 70 | | dB |
| ΔV_{OUT} | | or f = 120 H | z, I _O = 500 mA, | 68 | | | 61 | | | 60 | | | dB |
| | | Over Tempe | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{MIN} ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | | (8 ≤ | ≦V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 18) | (15 ≤ | V _{IN} S | ≤ 25) | | 5 ≤ V 28.5) | IN ≦ | V |
| R _o | Dropout Voltage | $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{c}$ | _D = 1A | | 2.0 | | | 2.0 | | | 2.0 | | V |
| | Output Resistance | f = 1 kHz | | | 8 | | | 18 | | | 19 | | mΩ |
| | Short-Circuit Current | T _J = 25°C | | | 2.1 | | | 1.5 | | | 1.2 | | A |

2 kV

| | | Output Voltage | | 5V | | | 12V | | | 15V | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|-------|
| Symbol | Input Volta | age (unless otherwise noted) | | 10V | | | 19V | | | 23V | | Units |
| | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | 1 |
| | Peak Output | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 2.4 | | | 2.4 | | | 2.4 | | Α |
| | Current | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Average TC of | Min, $T_J = 0^{\circ}C$, $I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$ | | -0.6 | | | -1.5 | | | -1.8 | | mV/°C |
| | Vo | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage | T _J = 25°C | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Required to | | 7.5 | | | 14.5 | | | 17.5 | | | V |
| | Maintain | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Line Regulation | | | | | | | | | | | |

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) $-55^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +150^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

| | | Output Volta | ge | | 5V | | | 12V | | | 15V | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---|--|------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------------|-------------------|-------|
| Symbol | Input Volta | ge (unless oth | nerwise noted) | | 10V | | | 19V | | | 23V | ι | Jnits |
| | Parameter | C | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | 1 |
| Vo | Output Voltage | T _J = 25°C, 5 ı | $mA \le I_O \le 1A$ | 4.8 | 5 | 5.2 | 11.5 | 12 | 12.5 | 14.4 | 15 | 15.6 | V |
| | | $P_{D} \leq 15W, 5$ | $mA \le I_O \le 1A$ | 4.75 | | 5.25 | 11.4 | | 12.6 | 14.25 | | 15.75 | V |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$ | V _{MAX} | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 20) | (15.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 27) | (18 | .5 ≤ V 30) | ′ _{IN} ≤ | V |
| ΔV _O | Line Regulation | I _O = 500 mA | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 3 | 50 | | 4 | 120 | | 4 | 150 | mV |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (7 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 25) | (14.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | (17 | .5 ≤ V 30) | ′ _{IN} ≤ | V |
| | | | $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ | | | 50 | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 20) | (15 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 27) | (18 | .5 ≤ V 30) | ′ _{IN} ≤ | V |
| | | I _O ≤ 1A | T _J = 25°C | | | 50 | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (7.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 20) | (14.6 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 27) | (17 | .7 ≤ V 30) | ′ _{IN} ≤ | V |
| | | | $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ | | | 25 | | | 60 | | | 75 | mV |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 12) | (16 ⊴ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 22) | (20 : | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 26) | V |
| ΔV_O | Load Regulation | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | $5 \text{ mA} \le \text{I}_{O} \le 1.5\text{A}$ | | 10 | 50 | | 12 | 120 | | 12 | 150 | mV |
| | | | $\begin{array}{l} 250 \text{ mA} \leq I_{P} \leq 750 \\ \text{mA} \end{array}$ | | | 25 | | | 60 | | | 75 | mV |
| | | $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le$ | +150°C, | | | 50 | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| | | $5 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1$ | A | | | | | | | | | | |
| l _Q | Quiescent Current | I _O ≤ 1A | T _J = 25°C | | | 6 | | | 6 | | | 6 | mA |
| | | | $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ | | | 7 | | | 7 | | | 7 | mA |
| Δl _Q | Quiescent Current | $5 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1$ | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | mA |
| | Change | $T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ} \text{C}, \ \text{I}_{\rm O}$ | | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | mA |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{N}$ | | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 20) | (15 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 27) | (18 | .5 ≤ V 30) | ′ _{IN} ≤ | V |
| | | I _O = 500 mA, | $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | mA |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$ | V _{MAX} | (8 ⊴ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 25) | (15 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 30) | (18 | .5 ≤ V 30) | ′ _{IN} ≤ | V |
| V _N | Output Noise Voltage | $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, 10^{\circ}$ |) Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz | | 40 | | | 75 | | | 90 | | μV |

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) (Continued) $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{1} \le +150^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

| | | Output Volta | ge | | 5V | | | 12V | | | 15V | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|-----|------|-----------------|-----|-------|
| Symbol | Input Volta | ge (unless oth | erwise noted) | | 10V | | | 19V | | | 23V | ι | Inits |
| | Parameter | C | conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Мах | 1 |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$ | Ripple Rejection | | $I_{O} \le 1A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$ or | 68 | 80 | | 61 | 72 | | 60 | 70 | | dB |
| | | f = 120 Hz | l _O ≤ 500 mA, –55°C ≤ T _J ≤+150°C | 68 | | | 61 | | | 60 | | | dB |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$ | V _{MAX} | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≦ 18) | (15 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | 25) | (18 | .5 ≤ V 28.5) | | V |
| Ro | Dropout Voltage | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$ | = 1A | | 2.0 | | | 2.0 | | | 2.0 | | V |
| | Output Resistance | f = 1 kHz | | | 8 | | | 18 | | | 19 | | mΩ |
| | Short-Circuit Current | T _J = 25°C | | | 2.1 | | | 1.5 | | | 1.2 | | A |
| | Peak Output Current | T _J = 25°C | | | 2.4 | | | 2.4 | | | 2.4 | | A |
| | Average TC of V _{OUT} | $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +1$ | 50°C, I _O = 5 mA | | -0.6 | | | -1.5 | | | -1.8 | m | v/°C |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$ | ≤ 1A | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Required to Maintain | | | 7.5 | | | 14.6 | | | 17.7 | | | V |
| | Line Regulation | | | | | | | | | | | | |

LM340 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

 $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{\rm J} \leq +125^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

| | | Output Voltage | e | | 5V | | | 12V | | | 15V | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|----|--|
| Symbol | Input Voltag | ge (unless othe | (unless otherwise noted) | | | | | 19V | | 23V | | | | |
| | Parameter | C | onditions | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Мах | Min | Тур | Max | 1 | |
| Vo | Output Voltage | T _J = 25°C, 5 I | $mA \le I_O \le 1A$ | 4.8 | 5 | 5.2 | 11.5 | 12 | 12.5 | 14.4 | 15 | 15.6 | V | |
| | | $P_D \le 15W, 5$ | $mA \le I_O \le 1A$ | 4.75 | | 5.25 | 11.4 | | 12.6 | 14.25 | | 15.75 | V | |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{IN}$ | V _{MAX} | (7.5 | ≤ V _{IN} | ≤ 20) | (14. | 5 ≤ V 27) | IN ≤ | (17.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V | |
| ΔV _O | Line Regulation | I _O = 500 mA | T _J = 25°C | | 3 | 50 | | 4 | 120 | | 4 | 150 | mV | |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (7 ≤ | ≦V _{IN} ≤ | 25) | (14. | 5 ≤ V 30) | IN ≤ | (17.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V | |
| | | | $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$ | | | 50 | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV | |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (8 ≤ | ≦ V _{IN} ≤ | 20) | (15 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 27) | (18.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V | |
| | | $I_{O} \leq 1A$ | T _J = 25°C | | | 50 | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV | |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (7.5 | ≤ V _{IN} | ≤ 20) | (14. | 6 ≤ V 27) | IN ≤ | (17.7 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V | |
| | | | $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$ | | | 25 | | | 60 | | | 75 | mV | |
| | | | ΔV_{IN} | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | 12) | (16 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | ≤ 22) | (20 : | ≤ V _{IN} | ≤ 26) | V | |
| ΔV_O | Load Regulation | T _J = 25°C | $5 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1.5 \text{A}$ | | 10 | 50 | | 12 | 120 | | 12 | 150 | mV | |
| | | | $250 \text{ mA} \le \text{I}_{O} \le 750 \text{ n}$ | hΑ | | 25 | | | 60 | | | 75 | mV | |
| | | 5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1 +125°C | A, $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq$ | | | 50 | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV | |
| l _Q | Quiescent Current | I _O ≤ 1A | T _J = 25°C | | | 8 | | | 8 | | | 8 | mA | |
| | | | $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$ | | | 8.5 | | | 8.5 | | | 8.5 | mA | |
| ΔI_Q | Quiescent Current | $5 \text{ mA} \le I_0 \le 1$ | A | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | mA | |
| | Change | T _J = 25°C, I _O | ≤ 1A | | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | mA | |

| | (C | Output Voltage | e | | 5V | 12V | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------|-------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-----|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Symbol | Input Voltage | e (unless othe | rwise noted) | 10V 1 | | 19V | | 23V | | | Units | |
| | Parameter | C | onditions | Min | Тур Мах | Min | Тур | Мах | Min | Тур | Max | |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le T$ | V _{MAX} | (7.5 | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 20) | (14. | 8 ≤ V _I 27) | N ≤ | (17.9 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V |
| | | $I_{O} \leq 500 \text{ mA},$ | $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$ | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | mA |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{N}$ | V _{MAX} | (7 ≤ | ≦ V _{IN} ≤ 25) | (14. | 5 ≤ V _I 30) | N ≤ | (17.5 | $\leq V_{IN}$ | ≤ 30) | V |
| V _N | Output Noise Voltage | T _A = 25°C, 10 |) Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz | | 40 | | 75 | | | 90 | | μV |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$ | Ripple Rejection | | I _O ≤ 1A, T _J = 25°C | 62 | 80 | 55 | 72 | | 54 | 70 | | dB |
| | | f = 120 Hz | or I _O ≤ 500 mA, 0°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C | 62 | | 55 | | | 54 | | | dB |
| | | $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le T$ | | (8 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 18) | (15 ≤ | ≤ V _{IN} ≤ | 25) | (18 | .5 ≤ V 28.5) | | V |
| R _o | Dropout Voltage | T _J = 25°C, I _O | = 1A | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | | 2.0 | | V |
| | Output Resistance | f = 1 kHz | | | 8 | | 18 | | | 19 | | mΩ |
| | Short-Circuit Current | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | 2.1 | | 1.5 | | | 1.2 | | A |
| | Peak Output Current | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | 2.4 | | 2.4 | | | 2.4 | | A |
| | Average TC of V _{OUT} | $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +1$ | 25°C, I _O = 5 mA | | -0.6 | | -1.5 | | | -1.8 | | mV/°C |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage Required to Maintain | T _J = 25°C, I _O | ≤ 1A | 7.5 | | 14.6 | | | 17.7 | | | v |
| | Line Regulation | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Conditions are conditions under which the device functions but the specifications might not be guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions see the Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is a function of the maximum junction temperature for operation ($T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$ or 150°C), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}), and the ambient temperature (T_A). $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above T_{JMAX} and the electrical specifications do not apply. If the die temperature rises above 150°C, the device will go into thermal shutdown. For the TO-3 package (K, KC), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is 39°C/W. When using a heatsink, θ_{JA} is the sum of the 4°C/W junction-to-case thermal resistance (θ_{JC}) of the TO-3 package and the case-to-ambient thermal resistance of the heatsink. For the TO-20 package (T), θ_{JA} is 54°C/W and θ_{JC} is 4°C/W. If SOT-223 is used, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is 174°C/W and can be reduced by a heatsink (see Applications Hints on heatsinking).

If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package: Using 0.5 square inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area, θ_{JA} is 37°C/W; and with 1.6 or more inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 32°C/W.

Note 3: ESD rating is based on the human body model, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 k Ω .

Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques (t_w \leq 10 ms, duty cycle \leq 5%). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

Note 5: Military datasheets are available upon request. At the time of printing, the military datasheet specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140. The LM140H and LM140K may also be procured as JAN devices on slash sheet JM38510/107.

LM7808C Electrical Characteristics

 $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}C,~V_{I}$ = 14V, I_{O} = 500 mA, C_{I} = 0.33 $\mu F,~C_{O}$ = 0.1 $\mu F,$ unless otherwise specified

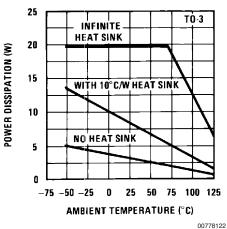
| Symbol | Paramete | er | Conc | litions (Note 6) | 1 | LM7808 | C | Units |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--|-----|--------|-----|-------|
| | | | | | Min | Тур | Max | |
| Vo | Output Voltage | | T _J = 25°C | | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.3 | V |
| ΔV_O | Line Regulation | | T _J = 25°C | $10.5V \le V_1 \le 25V$ | | 6.0 | 160 | mV |
| | | | | $11.0V \le V_I \le 17V$ | | 2.0 | 80 |] |
| ΔV_O | Load Regulation | | T _J = 25°C | 5.0 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1.5A | | 12 | 160 | mV |
| | | | | $\begin{array}{l} 250 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 750 \\ \text{mA} \end{array}$ | | 4.0 | 80 | |
| Vo | Output Voltage | | $11.5V \le V_1 \le 23V, 5.$ | $0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1.0 \text{A}, \text{P} \le 15 \text{W}$ | 7.6 | | 8.4 | V |
| l _Q | Quiescent Current | | T _J = 25°C | | | 4.3 | 8.0 | mA |
| ΔI_Q | Quiescent | With Line | $11.5V \le V_1 \le 25V$ | | | | 1.0 | mA |
| | Current Change | With Load | $5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1.0 \text{A}$ | | | | 0.5 | |
| V _N | Noise | | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, 10 Hz \leq | f ≤ 100 kHz | | 52 | | μV |
| $\Delta V_{I} / \Delta V_{O}$ | Ripple Rejection | | f = 120 Hz, I _O = 350 |) mA, T _J = 25°C | 56 | 72 | | dB |
| V _{DO} | Dropout Voltage | | I _O = 1.0A, T _J = 25°C | ; | | 2.0 | | V |
| Ro | Output Resistance | | f = 1.0 kHz | | | 16 | | mΩ |
| l _{os} | Output Short Circuit | Current | $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, V_{I} = 35V$ | | | 0.45 | | А |
| I _{PK} | Peak Output Curren | ıt | T _J = 25°C | | | 2.2 | | Α |
| $\Delta V_O / \Delta T$ | Average Temperatu | re | I _O = 5.0 mA | | | 0.8 | | mV/°C |
| | Coefficient of Outpu | t Voltage | | | | | | |

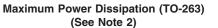
Note 6: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

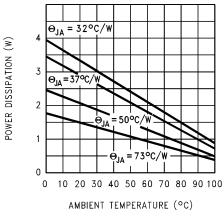


Typical Performance Characteristics

Maximum Average Power Dissipation

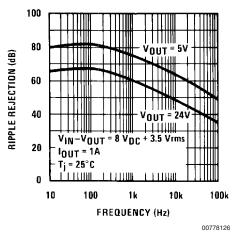




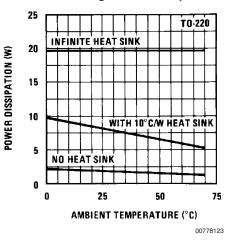


00778124

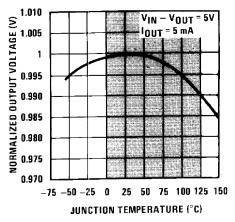




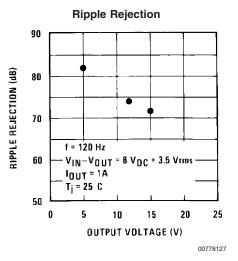
Maximum Average Power Dissipation

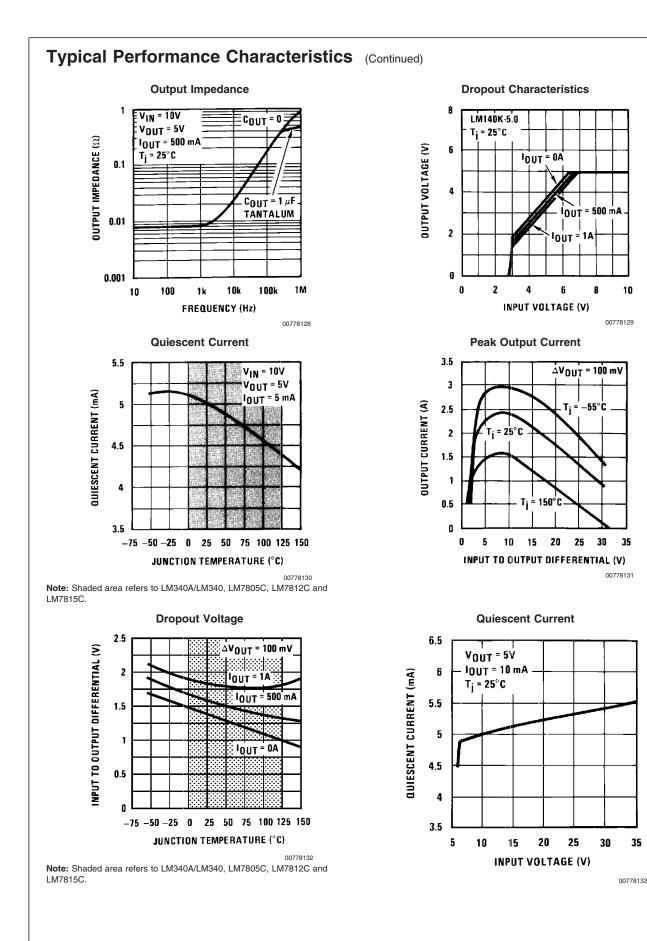


Output Voltage (Normalized to 1V at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$)

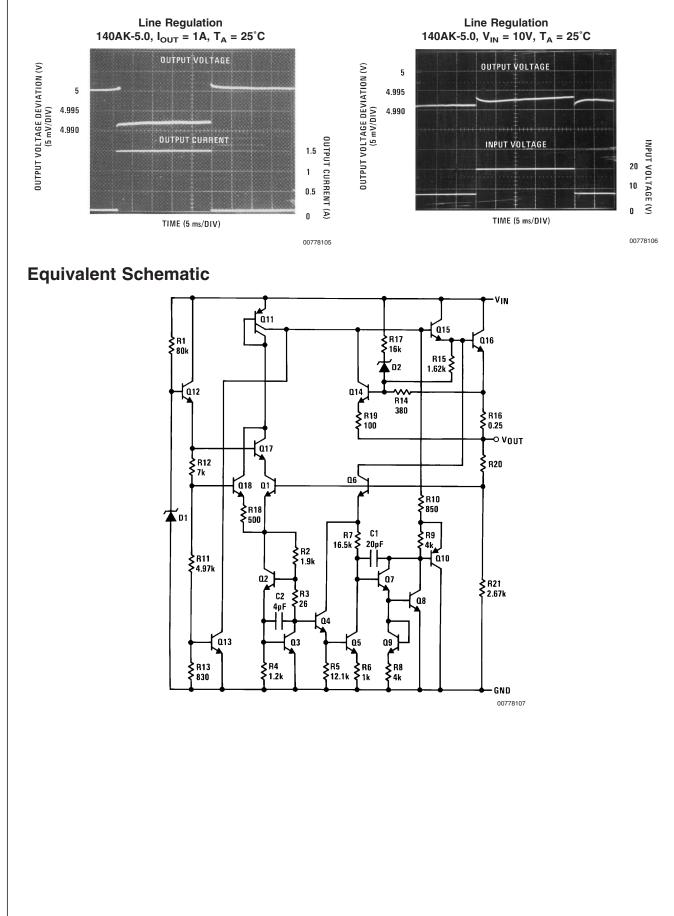


00778125 Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.





35



Application Hints

The LM340/LM78XX series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with *any* IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

SHORTING THE REGULATOR INPUT

When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (*Figure 1*) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input short will cause the input to rapidly approach ground potential, while the output remains near the initial V_{OUT}because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal and the regulator will be destroyed. The fast diode in *Figure 1* will shunt most of the capacitors discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance ≤ 10 µF.

RAISING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE ABOVE THE INPUT VOLTAGE

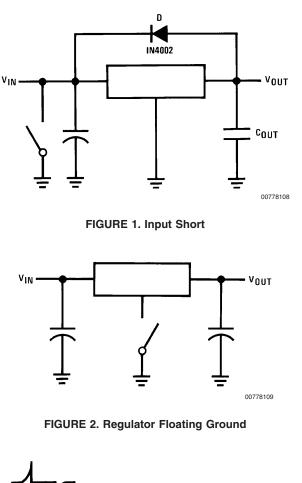
Since the output of the device does not sink current, forcing the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in the "Shorting the Regulator Input" section.

REGULATOR FLOATING GROUND (Figure 2)

When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to V_{OUT} . If ground is reconnected with power "ON", damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. Power should be turned off first, thermal limit ceases operating, or ground should be connected first if power must be left on.

TRANSIENT VOLTAGES

If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.



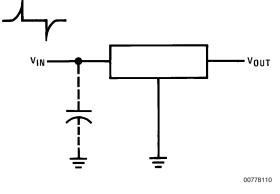


FIGURE 3. Transients

When a value for $\theta_{(H-A)}$ is found using the equation shown, a heatsink must be selected that has *a value that is less than or equal to this number.*

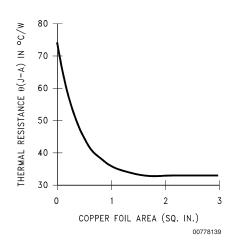
 $\theta_{(H-A)}$ is specified numerically by the heatsink manufacturer in this catalog, or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heatsink.

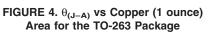
Application Hints (Continued)

HEATSINKING TO-263 AND SOT-223 PACKAGE PARTS

Both the TO-263 ("S") and SOT-223 ("MP") packages use a copper plane on the PCB and the PCB itself as a heatsink. To optimize the heat sinking ability of the plane and PCB, solder the tab of the plane.

shows for the TO-263 the measured values of $\theta_{(J-A)}$ for different copper area sizes using a typical PCB with 1 ounce copper and no solder mask over the copper area used for heatsinking.





As shown in the figure, increasing the copper area beyond 1 square inch produces very little improvement. It should also be observed that the minimum value of $\theta_{(J-A)}$ for the TO-263 package mounted to a PCB is 32°C/W.

As a design aid, *Figure 5* shows the maximum allowable power dissipation compared to ambient temperature for the TO-263 device (assuming $\theta_{(J-A)}$ is 35°C/W and the maximum junction temperature is 125°C).

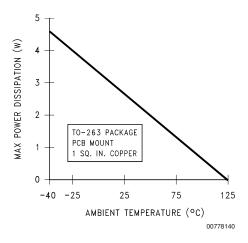


FIGURE 5. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T_{AMB} for the TO-263 Package

Figures 6, 7 show the information for the SOT-223 package. *Figure 6* assumes a $\theta_{(J-A)}$ of 74°C/W for 1 ounce copper and 51°C/W for 2 ounce copper and a maximum junction temperature of 125°C.

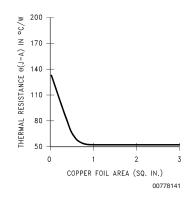


FIGURE 6. $\theta_{(J-A)}$ vs Copper (2 ounce) Area for the SOT-223 Package

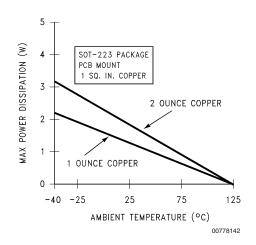
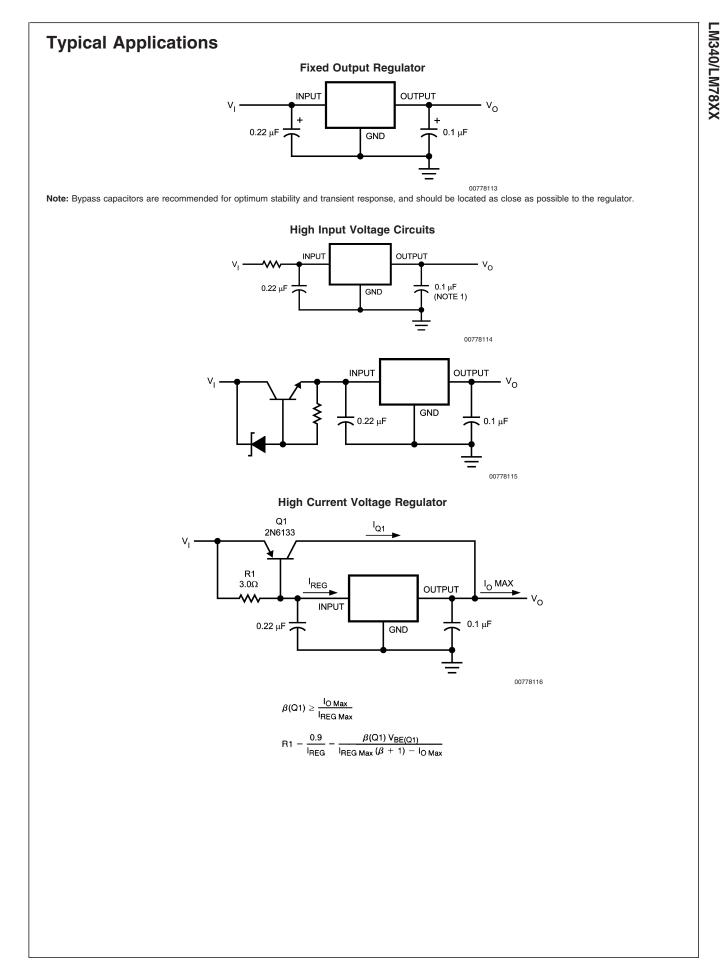
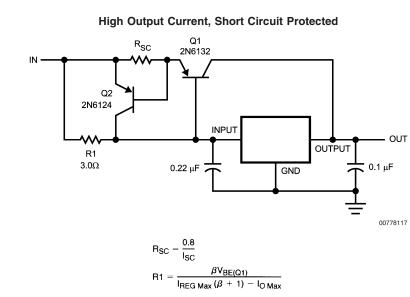


FIGURE 7. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T_{AMB} for the SOT-223 Package

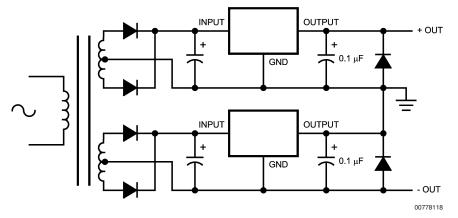
Please see AN-1028 for power enhancement techniques to be used with the SOT-223 package.



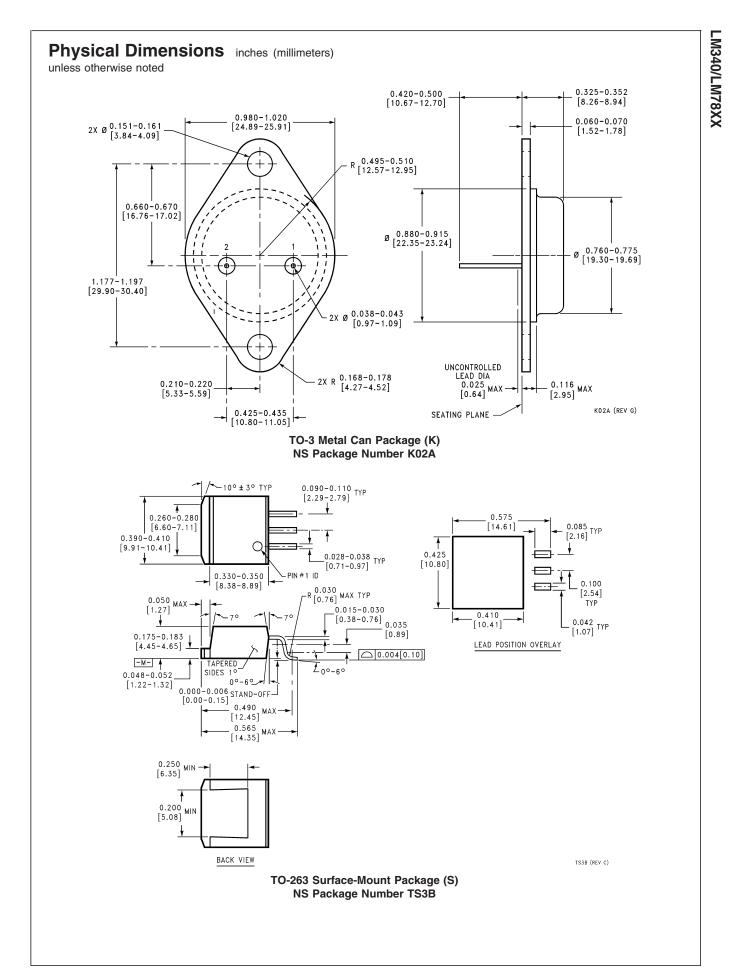
Typical Applications (Continued)



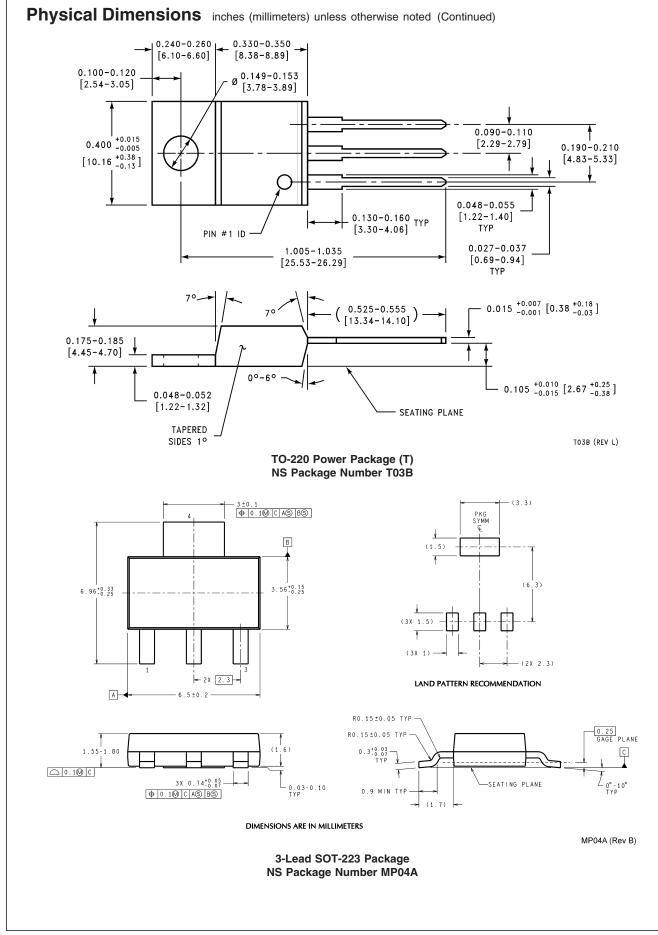




LM340/LM78XX







LM340/LM78XX Series 3-Terminal Positive Regulators

National does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and National reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.

Notes

For the most current product information visit us at www.national.com.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

BANNED SUBSTANCE COMPLIANCE

National Semiconductor certifies that the products and packing materials meet the provisions of the Customer Products Stewardship Specification (CSP-9-111C2) and the Banned Substances and Materials of Interest Specification (CSP-9-111S2) and contain no "Banned Substances" as defined in CSP-9-111S2.

National Semiconductor

Americas Customer Support Center Email: new.feedback@nsc.com Tel: 1-800-272-9959

National Semiconductor Europe Customer Support Center Fax: +49 (0) 180-530 85 86 Email: europe.support@nsc.com Deutsch Tel: +49 (0) 69 9508 6208 English Tel: +44 (0) 870 24 0 2171 Français Tel: +33 (0) 1 41 91 8790

National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Customer Support Center Email: ap.support@nsc.com National Semiconductor Japan Customer Support Center Fax: 81-3-5639-7507 Email: jpn.feedback@nsc.com Tel: 81-3-5639-7560

www.national.com